

## 2-Methyl-1,10b-dihydro-5H-pyrazolo-[1,5-c][1,3]benzoxazin-5-one

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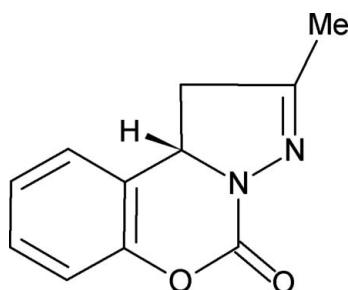
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 296\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.055;  $wR$  factor = 0.161; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.2.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ , a potential inhibitor of the cyclooxygenase-2 isoenzyme, the pyrazoline ring exists in a flat-envelope conformation while the puckering of the central oxazine ring is more severe. As a result, the molecule as a whole is non-planar. The formal  $sp^3$  pyrazoline N atom is  $sp^2$  hybridized, with the lone-pair electrons delocalized through conjugation with the carbonyl group rather than the double bond of the pyrazoline ring.

### Related literature

For cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2), see: Jahng *et al.* (2004); Ramatunge *et al.* (2004); Subbaramaiah *et al.* (2002). For bond parameters, see: Allen *et al.* (1987); Burke-Laing & Laing (1976). For background to the synthesis, see: Palomer *et al.* (2002); Světlík *et al.* (2005).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$   
 $M_r = 202.21$   
Orthorhombic,  $P2_12_12_1$   
 $a = 7.240 (2)\text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 8.835 (2)\text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 15.755 (4)\text{ \AA}$

$V = 1007.8 (4)\text{ \AA}^3$   
 $Z = 4$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.09\text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 296\text{ K}$   
 $0.30 \times 0.25 \times 0.20\text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Siemens P4 diffractometer  
Absorption correction: none  
2285 measured reflections  
1674 independent reflections  
1343 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$   
3 standard reflections  
every 97 reflections  
intensity decay: none

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.161$   
 $S = 0.96$   
1674 reflections

137 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.26\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.22\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Data collection: *XSCANS* (Siemens, 1991); cell refinement: *XSCANS*; data reduction: *XSCANS*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: TK2391).

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## **supplementary materials**

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## 2-Methyl-1,10b-dihydro-5H-pyrazolo[1,5-c][1,3]benzoxazin-5-one

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### Comment

Recently, as part of our on-going project aimed at developing new therapeutic agents, we focused our attention on 2-pyrazoline derivatives, which are known to possess cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2) inhibitory activity (Jahng *et al.*, 2004), a feature which is of importance in treatment of inflammation (Ramatunge *et al.*, 2004) and cancer (Subbaramaiah *et al.*, 2002). In an effort to develop more potent and selective COX-2 inhibitors, we prepared a series of 2- and 5-substituted derivatives containing the tricyclic system featured in the title compound, (I), which still incorporates the putative COX-2 pharmacophore (Palomer *et al.*, 2002). Thus, the main aim of this work was to establish the spatial distribution of the pharmacophoric elements, *viz.* the hydrophobic groups and H-bond acceptors, which are responsible for binding of a compound to the COX-2 enzyme. To achieve this, we selected the title 2-methyl derivative, (I), for a single-crystal X-ray analysis.

The most interesting feature of (I), Fig. 1, is the spatial relationship between the pharmacophoric groups which is determined by the conformation of the (partially) saturated rings. Thus, the pyrazoline ring adopts a flat-envelope conformation with atom C10B as the flap; the deviation of the out-of-plane atom from the mean plane of the remaining four atoms is 0.334 (6) Å. The central six-membered ring is also non-planar and is puckered in such a manner that the four atoms O6, C6A, C10A and C10B are planar to within 0.004 (2) Å, while atoms N4 and C5 are displaced by 0.696 (5) and 0.590 (6) Å, respectively, to the same side of this plane. As a result of the relatively severe puckering of the central ring, the molecule as a whole is non-planar but consists of two approximately planar segments: O6,C6A,C7,C8,C9,C10,C10A,C10B [r.m.s. deviation 0.014 (3) Å] and C10B,C1,C2,C11,N3,N4,C5,O5,O6 [r.m.s. deviation 0.112 (3) Å], folded about the O6···C10B line [dihedral angle 31.3 (1)°].

The N3—N4 and C2—N3 bonds have pure single- and double-bond character, respectively (Burke-Laing & Laing, 1976). Even though the N4 atom is not involved in conjugation with the pyrazoline double bond, it is  $sp^2$  hybridized with its lone-pair electrons delocalized through conjugation with the adjacent carbonyl function as shown by the N4—C5 bond length (1.332 (4) Å), which is comparable to that typically found for amides (Allen *et al.*, 1987).

### Experimental

The synthesis of the title compound, (I), has been described (Světlík *et al.*, 2005). In short, a solution of 4,5-dihydro-(2-hydroxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1*H*-pyrazole (0.35 g, 2 mmol) and *N,N'*-carbonyldiimidazole (0.36 g, 2.2 mmol) in benzene (15 ml) were refluxed for 200 mins. After removal of the solvent, the oily residue was dissolved in dichloromethane (25 ml), washed with 10% HCl, water and dried ( $MgSO_4$ ). The solution was then concentrated under reduced pressure to give (I) (90% yield; m.p. 433–434 K) as colourless crystals.

### Refinement

The H atoms were visible in difference maps and were subsequently treated as riding atoms with distances C—H = 0.93 Å ( $CH_{\text{arom}}$ ), 0.97 ( $CH_2$ ), 0.98 Å (CH) and 0.96 Å ( $CH_3$ ), and with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})$  set to 1.2 (1.5 for the methyl H atoms) times

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$U_{\text{eq}}$ (parent atom). In the absence of significant anomalous scattering effects, 370 Friedel pairs were averaged in the final refinement.

## Figures

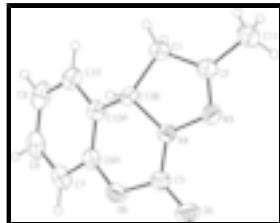


Fig. 1. Displacement ellipsoid plot of (I) with the labelling scheme for the non-H atoms, which are drawn with displacement ellipsoids at the 35% probability level.

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### Crystal data

$C_{11}H_{10}N_2O_2$	$D_x = 1.333 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
$M_r = 202.21$	Melting point: 433 K
Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab	$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 7.240 (2) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 20 reflections
$b = 8.835 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 7\text{--}18^\circ$
$c = 15.755 (4) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$V = 1007.8 (4) \text{ \AA}^3$	$T = 296 \text{ K}$
$Z = 4$	Prism, colourless
$F_{000} = 424$	$0.30 \times 0.25 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$

### Data collection

Siemens P4 diffractometer	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.021$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 30.0^\circ$
Monochromator: graphite	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.6^\circ$
$T = 296 \text{ K}$	$h = -1 \rightarrow 10$
$\omega/2\theta$ scans	$k = -1 \rightarrow 12$
Absorption correction: none	$l = -1 \rightarrow 22$
2285 measured reflections	3 standard reflections
1674 independent reflections	every 97 reflections
1343 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$	intensity decay: none

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.055$	H-atom parameters constrained

$wR(F^2) = 0.161$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.058P)^2 + 0.7099P]$
	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 0.96$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.003$
1674 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.26 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
137 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: none

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Least-squares planes ( $x,y,z$  in crystal coordinates) and deviations from them (\* indicates atom used to define plane)

$$- 6.4736 (0.0083) x + 3.9501 (0.0194) y + 0.3894 (0.0333) z = 1.1812 (0.0071)$$

$$* 0.0059 (0.0012) C1 * -0.0108 (0.0022) C2 * 0.0108 (0.0022) N3 * -0.0060 (0.0012) N4 - 0.3338 (0.0055) C10B$$

Rms deviation of fitted atoms = 0.0087

$$7.0450 (0.0031) x - 0.1068 (0.0223) y + 3.6269 (0.0223) z = 1.0294 (0.0128)$$

Angle to previous plane (with approximate e.s.d.) = 29.57 (0.16)

$$* -0.0027 (0.0010) O6 * 0.0053 (0.0019) C6A * -0.0050 (0.0018) C10A * 0.0024 (0.0009) C10B -0.6963 (0.0054) N4 - 0.5900 (0.0063) C5$$

Rms deviation of fitted atoms = 0.0041

$$7.0642 (0.0025) x - 0.1723 (0.0086) y + 3.4371 (0.0150) z = 0.9846 (0.0059)$$

Angle to previous plane (with approximate e.s.d.) = 0.82 (0.08)

$$* -0.0143 (0.0023) O6 * -0.0087 (0.0029) C6A * 0.0109 (0.0030) C7 * 0.0160 (0.0032) C8 * -0.0063 (0.0031) C9 * -0.0177 (0.0029) C10 * -0.0034 (0.0027) C10A * 0.0234 (0.0023) C10B$$

Rms deviation of fitted atoms = 0.0140

$$- 6.2356 (0.0052) x + 4.4868 (0.0103) y - 0.2799 (0.0136) z = 1.4163 (0.0043)$$

Angle to previous plane (with approximate e.s.d.) = 31.34 (0.08)

$$* -0.2463 (0.0027) C10B * 0.1374 (0.0029) C1 * 0.0194 (0.0039) C2 * -0.0476 (0.0032) N3 * -0.0351 (0.0028) N4 * 0.0138 (0.0033) C5 * 0.1614 (0.0027) O6 * 0.0426 (0.0034) C11 * -0.0456 (0.0025) O5$$

Rms deviation of fitted atoms = 0.1123

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -

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factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### *Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.1064 (5)	0.4867 (4)	-0.11974 (19)	0.0540 (8)
H1A	0.0197	0.5671	-0.1328	0.065*
H1B	0.2107	0.4926	-0.1582	0.065*
C2	0.0157 (5)	0.3341 (4)	-0.1229 (2)	0.0600 (9)
N3	-0.0199 (4)	0.2741 (3)	-0.05137 (18)	0.0581 (7)
N4	0.0479 (4)	0.3750 (3)	0.00991 (16)	0.0484 (6)
C5	0.0201 (5)	0.3524 (4)	0.0925 (2)	0.0523 (8)
O5	-0.0494 (5)	0.2447 (3)	0.12627 (15)	0.0761 (9)
O6	0.0794 (4)	0.4709 (3)	0.14279 (14)	0.0583 (7)
C6A	0.1009 (4)	0.6157 (3)	0.1075 (2)	0.0475 (7)
C7	0.0800 (5)	0.7370 (4)	0.1622 (2)	0.0594 (9)
H7	0.0532	0.7219	0.2193	0.071*
C8	0.1000 (6)	0.8811 (4)	0.1297 (3)	0.0675 (11)
H8	0.0873	0.9643	0.1654	0.081*
C9	0.1389 (5)	0.9035 (4)	0.0445 (3)	0.0669 (11)
H9	0.1507	1.0011	0.0230	0.080*
C10	0.1601 (5)	0.7788 (4)	-0.0086 (3)	0.0569 (8)
H10	0.1858	0.7931	-0.0659	0.068*
C10A	0.1430 (4)	0.6339 (3)	0.0233 (2)	0.0431 (6)
C10B	0.1680 (5)	0.4926 (3)	-0.02737 (18)	0.0429 (6)
H10B	0.2971	0.4598	-0.0235	0.051*
C11	-0.0392 (8)	0.2580 (7)	-0.2042 (3)	0.0990 (19)
H11A	-0.0912	0.1605	-0.1918	0.149*
H11B	0.0677	0.2458	-0.2396	0.149*
H11C	-0.1290	0.3190	-0.2331	0.149*

### *Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.060 (2)	0.0602 (18)	0.0414 (14)	-0.0014 (17)	0.0052 (15)	-0.0004 (14)
C2	0.062 (2)	0.071 (2)	0.0464 (16)	-0.011 (2)	0.0099 (16)	-0.0100 (16)
N3	0.0687 (18)	0.0535 (14)	0.0521 (14)	-0.0145 (16)	0.0099 (14)	-0.0113 (13)
N4	0.0602 (15)	0.0425 (12)	0.0424 (12)	-0.0082 (13)	0.0002 (12)	0.0010 (10)
C5	0.069 (2)	0.0450 (15)	0.0434 (14)	-0.0054 (17)	-0.0015 (16)	0.0022 (13)
O5	0.116 (2)	0.0590 (14)	0.0528 (13)	-0.0199 (17)	0.0073 (15)	0.0105 (12)
O6	0.0811 (18)	0.0495 (12)	0.0442 (11)	-0.0036 (13)	-0.0074 (13)	0.0021 (9)
C6A	0.0454 (15)	0.0438 (15)	0.0532 (17)	-0.0029 (14)	-0.0089 (14)	-0.0026 (13)
C7	0.058 (2)	0.0586 (19)	0.0614 (19)	0.0009 (18)	-0.0116 (17)	-0.0163 (17)
C8	0.061 (2)	0.0489 (18)	0.092 (3)	0.0013 (18)	-0.013 (2)	-0.023 (2)
C9	0.055 (2)	0.0353 (14)	0.110 (3)	-0.0010 (15)	-0.005 (2)	-0.0001 (18)
C10	0.0453 (16)	0.0542 (19)	0.071 (2)	-0.0042 (15)	-0.0013 (17)	0.0076 (18)
C10A	0.0356 (13)	0.0404 (13)	0.0533 (16)	0.0044 (12)	-0.0012 (13)	-0.0006 (12)

C10B	0.0420 (14)	0.0383 (13)	0.0484 (15)	-0.0037 (12)	0.0046 (13)	0.0062 (12)
C11	0.106 (4)	0.137 (4)	0.054 (2)	-0.050 (4)	0.016 (2)	-0.038 (3)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )*

C1—C2	1.501 (5)	C7—C8	1.380 (5)
C1—C10B	1.523 (4)	C7—H7	0.9300
C1—H1A	0.9700	C8—C9	1.385 (6)
C1—H1B	0.9700	C8—H8	0.9300
C2—N3	1.272 (4)	C9—C10	1.393 (5)
C2—C11	1.499 (5)	C9—H9	0.9300
N3—N4	1.403 (4)	C10—C10A	1.381 (4)
N4—C5	1.332 (4)	C10—H10	0.9300
N4—C10B	1.477 (4)	C10A—C10B	1.493 (4)
C5—O5	1.200 (4)	C10B—H10B	0.9800
C5—O6	1.381 (4)	C11—H11A	0.9600
O6—C6A	1.404 (4)	C11—H11B	0.9600
C6A—C10A	1.371 (4)	C11—H11C	0.9600
C6A—C7	1.383 (4)		
C2—C1—C10B	101.0 (3)	C7—C8—H8	119.6
C2—C1—H1A	111.6	C9—C8—H8	119.6
C10B—C1—H1A	111.6	C8—C9—C10	119.5 (3)
C2—C1—H1B	111.6	C8—C9—H9	120.3
C10B—C1—H1B	111.6	C10—C9—H9	120.3
H1A—C1—H1B	109.4	C10A—C10—C9	120.3 (3)
N3—C2—C1	115.7 (3)	C10A—C10—H10	119.8
N3—C2—C11	121.1 (4)	C9—C10—H10	119.8
C1—C2—C11	123.2 (3)	C6A—C10A—C10	118.8 (3)
C2—N3—N4	105.9 (3)	C6A—C10A—C10B	116.5 (3)
C5—N4—N3	121.6 (3)	C10—C10A—C10B	124.7 (3)
C5—N4—C10B	125.7 (3)	N4—C10B—C10A	107.7 (2)
N3—N4—C10B	112.3 (2)	N4—C10B—C1	100.6 (3)
O5—C5—N4	127.9 (3)	C10A—C10B—C1	120.3 (3)
O5—C5—O6	118.5 (3)	N4—C10B—H10B	109.2
N4—C5—O6	113.6 (3)	C10A—C10B—H10B	109.2
C5—O6—C6A	119.9 (2)	C1—C10B—H10B	109.2
C10A—C6A—C7	122.4 (3)	C2—C11—H11A	109.5
C10A—C6A—O6	121.0 (3)	C2—C11—H11B	109.5
C7—C6A—O6	116.6 (3)	H11A—C11—H11B	109.5
C8—C7—C6A	118.2 (4)	C2—C11—H11C	109.5
C8—C7—H7	120.9	H11A—C11—H11C	109.5
C6A—C7—H7	120.9	H11B—C11—H11C	109.5
C7—C8—C9	120.8 (3)		
C10B—C1—C2—N3	14.6 (4)	C8—C9—C10—C10A	-0.2 (6)
C10B—C1—C2—C11	-168.2 (4)	C7—C6A—C10A—C10	-1.9 (5)
C1—C2—N3—N4	-2.2 (4)	O6—C6A—C10A—C10	179.1 (3)
C11—C2—N3—N4	-179.4 (4)	C7—C6A—C10A—C10B	177.9 (3)
C2—N3—N4—C5	174.6 (4)	O6—C6A—C10A—C10B	-1.2 (4)
C2—N3—N4—C10B	-12.4 (4)	C9—C10—C10A—C6A	1.5 (5)

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N3—N4—C5—O5	5.9 (7)	C9—C10—C10A—C10B	-178.3 (3)
C10B—N4—C5—O5	-166.1 (4)	C5—N4—C10B—C10A	-40.0 (4)
N3—N4—C5—O6	-173.5 (3)	N3—N4—C10B—C10A	147.3 (3)
C10B—N4—C5—O6	14.4 (5)	C5—N4—C10B—C1	-166.7 (3)
O5—C5—O6—C6A	-158.0 (4)	N3—N4—C10B—C1	20.6 (3)
N4—C5—O6—C6A	21.5 (5)	C6A—C10A—C10B—N4	30.5 (4)
C5—O6—C6A—C10A	-28.5 (5)	C10—C10A—C10B—N4	-149.8 (3)
C5—O6—C6A—C7	152.4 (3)	C6A—C10A—C10B—C1	144.7 (3)
C10A—C6A—C7—C8	1.0 (5)	C10—C10A—C10B—C1	-35.6 (5)
O6—C6A—C7—C8	-180.0 (3)	C2—C1—C10B—N4	-19.1 (3)
C6A—C7—C8—C9	0.4 (6)	C2—C1—C10B—C10A	-137.0 (3)
C7—C8—C9—C10	-0.8 (6)		

Fig. 1

